## $computer\ knowledge\text{-}compiler\ design\ mcq\text{-}paper 1$

Wha	at is a compiler?
A B C	Program  Language  Hardware  Memory
Ans	wer: A
Con	piler translates the source code to
A B C	Machine code Binary code Executable code Both A & B
Ans	wer: D
Wha	at is the output of lexical analyzer?
A B C	A parse tree A list of tokens Intermediate code Processed code
Ans	wer: B
A op	otimizing compiler
A B C	Is optimized to take less time for execution Optimized the code Is optimized to occupy less memory None of the above
Ans	wer: B
Shif	t reduce parsers are
A B C	Bottom up parser  Top down parser  Both A & B  None of the above
Ans	wer: A
Wha	at is the action of parsing the source progra

am into proper syntatic classes?

A	Syntax analysis
В	Lexical analysis
C	Interpretation analysis
D	General syntax analysis
Ans	swer: B
Whi	ich of the following is used for grouping of characters into tokens?
A	Parser
В	Code generator
С	Lexical analyzer
D	Code generator
Ans	swer : C
Hov	w many parts of compiler are there?
Α	2
В	4
С	6
D	8
_	
Ans	swer: A
	is a process of finding a parse tree for a string of tokens.
Α	Analysing
В	Recognizing
С	Parsing
D	Tokenizing
Ans	swer : C
Con	npiler should report the presence of in the source program, in translation process.
Α	Classes
В	Objects
С	Errors
D	
	Text
	swer: C
A	is a software utility that translates code written in higher language into a low level language.
Α	Text editor
Α	Text editor

D	Converter				
Ans	Answer: B				
A gr	ammar that produces more than one parse tree for some sentence is called as				
A B C	Ambiguous Regular Unambiguous All of these				
Ans	wer: A				
Repi	Representing the syntax by a grammar is advantageous. What is the cause?				
П	It is concise  It is accurate  Automation becomes easy  All of the above				
Ans	wer: D				
Grammar of the programming is checked at phase of compiler.					
A B C	Semantic analysis Syntax analysis Code optimization Code generation				
Answer: B					
A co	mpiler translate high level programs into low level programs, which is called as				
A B C	Beta code Compiled code Source code Object code				
Ans	wer: D				
Compiler can check error.					
A B C	Logical Content Syntax None of the above				

**Answer**: C

which is the permanent data base in the geneal model of Compiler?			
A source code			
B literal table			
C identifier table			
D terminal table			
Answer: A			
What is an interpreter?			
An interpreter is a decoder which provides very efficient execution			
An interpreter is a general purpose language providing very efficient execution			
An interpreter does the conversion line by line as the program is run			
An interpreter is the representation of the system being designed			
Answer: D			
which of the following parsers is the most powerful?			
A Canonical LR			
B SLR			
C LALR			
A Canonical LR B SLR C LALR D Operator - precedence  Answer: A  The translator program used in assembly language is called  A Assembler B Interpreter			
Answer: A			
The translator program used in assembly language is called			
A Assembler			
B Interpreter			
C Compiler			
D Translator			
Answer: A			