computer knowledge-cyber crime mcq questions-paper1

Which of the following is not a type of cyber crime?

A Data theft

B Forgery

C Damage to data and systems

D Installing antivirus for protection

Answer : D

Many Cyber Crimes comes under Indian Penal Code Which one of the following is an example?

A Sending Threatening message by Email

B Forgery of Electronic Record

C Bogus Website

D All the above

Answer : D

The Information Technology Act 2000 is an Act of Indian Parliament notified on

A 27th April 2000

B 25th December 2000

C 17th October 2000

D None of the above

Answer : C

Cyber-crime can be categorized into _____ types.

A 2

B 3

C 4

D 5

Answer : A

Which of the following is not a type of peer-to-peer cyber-crime?

A Phishing

B Injecting Trojans to a target victim

C Credit card details leak in deep web

D MiTM

Answer : C

Digital Signature Certificate is _____ requirement under various applications

A Statutory

B Legislative

C Governmental

D Voluntary

Answer : A

Which of the following is not an example of a computer as weapon cyber-crime?

A Credit card fraudulent

B Spying someone using keylogger

C IPR Violation

D Pornography

Answer : B

Assessing Computer without prior authorization is a cyber crime that comes under____

A Section 65

B Section 66

C Section 68

D Section 70

Answer : B

Which of the following is not done by cyber criminals?

A Report vulnerability in any system

B Email spoofing and spamming

C Mass attack using Trojans as botnets

D Unauthorized account access

Answer : A

_____ means a person who has been granted a licence to issue a electronic signature certificate

A Certifying Authority

B Certifying Private Key Authority

C Certifying system controller

D Appropriate Authority

Answer : A

In which year India's IT Act came into existence?

A 1995

B 2000

C 2002

D 2003

Answer : B

_____ is an application of information and communication technology (ICT) for delivering Government Service.

A Governance

B Electronic Governance

C Governance and Ethics

D Risk and Governance.

Answer : B

What is the full form of ITA-2000?

A Information Technology Act -2000

B International Technology Act -2000

C Indian Technology Act -2000

D Information Tech Act -2000

Answer : A

The Altering of data so that it is not usable unless the changes are undone is

A Biometrics

B Encryption

C Ergonomics

D Compression

Answer : B

Under which section of IT Act, stealing any digital asset or information is written a cyber-crime.

A 65

B 65-B

C 75

D 82

Answer : A

Authentication is _____

A To assure identity of user on a remote system

B Insertion

C Modification

D None of these

Answer : A

What is the updated version of the IT Act, 2000?

A IT Act, 2007

B Advanced IT Act, 2007

C IT Act, 2008

D Advanced IT Act, 2008

Answer : C

The following laws / sections were amended / passed to combat pornography of an aggravated form

A Section 134 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872

B Sections 66 A and 66 B of the I.T. (Amendment) Act, 2008

C Section 13 of the POCSO Act, 2012 was passed to deal with such offences

D . Section 376 of the Indian Penal Code

Answer : B

In which year the Indian IT Act, 2000 got updated?

A 2005

B 2008

C 2010

D 2011

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Answer : B

What are hybrid attacks?

A An attempt to crack passwords using words that can be found in dictionary

B An attempt to crack passwords by replacing characters of a dictionary word with numbers and symbols

C An attempt to crack passwords using a combination of characters, numbers, and symbols

D An attempt to crack passwords by replacing characters with numbers and symbols

Answer : B